CONFIDENTIAL: To be treated as strictly confidential until released for publication as follows:-

MORNING PAPERS .. SATURDAY, 17TH APRIL, 1937. EVENING PAPERS .. SATURDAY, 17TH APRIL, 1937.

EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT.

The latest available statistics, from various sources, which offer some indication of the movement of Employment and Unemployment throughout Australia have been issued by the Commonwealth Statistician (Dr. Roland Wilson) on the basis of information supplied by the State Statisticians.

ANNUAL INDEX OF EMPLOYMENT IN FACTORIES - (Base Year 1928-29 = 100).

Number of	New South Wales	Vic- toria	Q'land- land	South Aus- tralia	Western Aus- tralia	Tas- mania	TOTAL	Total divided by Index of
Employees in 1928-29	180,806	156,568	45,031	36,807	20,804	10,466	450,482	Population of Work- ing Age
1925-26	94	95	106	106	99	97	97	103
1926-27	99	101	98	112	93	101	100	104
1927-28	99	100	99	106	98	106	100	102
1928-29	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1929-30	90	96	95	87	94	103	93	91
1930-31	71	80	84	65	70	84	75	73
1931-32	70	82	80	65	64	86	75	71
1932-33	77	92	83	72	71	88	82	76
1933-34	85	100	89	80	78	93	90	82
1934-35	97	108	96	91	85	101	100	90
1935-36	106(a)	117	98(a)	102(a)	91(a)	114(a)	109(a)	97(a)

(a) Preliminary - Based on returns from sample factories.

A column has been added to the above table comparing the growth in factory employment with an estimate of the growth of population of working age (obtained from Census data and vital statistics). This indicates that although factory employment has increased by 9 per cent. since 1928-29, population of working age has increased more rapidly, so that the proportion of this population employed in factories was in 1935-36 3 per cent. lower than in 1928-29.

It is estimated that wage-earners employed in factories at the 15th December 1936 represented about 22 per cent. of all persons dependent on employment in the Commonwealth. The relative proportions and the rates of increase in relation to total employment vary between States.

The following table shows the masculinity of persons employed in factories in the several States during the years 1925-26 to 1935-36.

Males employed in factories as percentage of all persons employed in factories.

YEAR	New South Wales	Victoria	Queens- land	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	AUSTRALIA
1925-26 1926-27 1927-28 1928-29 1929-30 1930-31 1931-32 1932-33 1933-34	76.0 75.5 75.5 75.1 74.9 73.6 71.8 72.0 72.5 72.6	68.3 67.4 67.4 66.8 66.3 65.8 63.6 63.6 64.6	85,1 84,1 83.6 82.4 82,4 82,2 81.4 80.5 80.5	82.7 83.0 82.5 82.6 82.3 80.9 79.4 79.3 80.5 81.4	84.2 82.2 81.8 81.7 81.4 80.2 78.7 79.3 80.0 80.2	81.1 81.1 78.6 78.0 79.0 78.4 77.8 77.4 78.9 78.8	75.4 74.6 74.5 74.0 73.5 72.6 70.7 70.5 71.3 71.7
1935-36	N.A.	66.4	79.6(a)	82.1(a)	80.5(a)	78.6(a)	N.A.

(a) Preliminary- based on sample returns.

The following monthly indexes of employment in factories show that in January, 1937 employment was greater than in January, 1936 for Australia as a whole, and for all States except Tasmania. But in that State the January, 1936 figures were relatively high. Victorian employment was also relatively high during 1934 and 1935 so that a smaller increase relative to the other States during 1936 was not unexpected. The average of the Australian Total index for July-December, 1936 was nearly 5% higher than for July-December, 1935. Comparing the State Total indexes in the same way showed the following increases (July-December, 1935 to July-December, 1936):- New South Wales, Queensland and Western Australia, $6\frac{1}{2}\%$; South Australia, 4%; Victoria, $2\frac{1}{2}\%$; and Tasmania These comparisons are all based on returns from sample factories, and are subject to revision when final returns become available next quarter.

M = Male : F = Female: T = Total MONTHLY INDEX OF EMPLOYMENT IN FACTORIES (a)

(Base: Average for Year 1928-29 = 100)

	Month		N	ew So Wale			Victor	ia	Que	eens	land	Aı	Sout ustra			estern stralia	l	Та	asmani	.a		AUSTRA	LIA
		discontinue of March S. in Artist	M	F	Т	M	F	T	M	F	Т	М	F	T	M	F	Т	M	F	Т	M(b)	F(b)	Т
1933 -	July		76	84	78	89	97	92	79	89	81	72	84	74	69	81	71	95	86	93	80	90	83
1934 -			88	96	90	100	106	102	89	99	91	83	90	84	77	84	78	89	89	89	91	100	93
	December	• •	94	109	98	107	114	109		106	92	89	99	91	85	96	87	100	92	98	97	110	100
1935 -	January	3 6	93	101	95	104	107	105		102	87	88	96	89	85	92	87	104	100	103	95	103	97
	February	• •	95	107	98	107	115	109		105	89		100	90	86	92	88	105	113	107	97	110	100
	March	• •	96	111	100	108	117	111		109	92		102	94	86	92	87	106	107	106	.98	113	102
	April	• •	97	111	101	108	115	111		105	94	95	102	96	86	95	88	109	103	107	99	112	103
	May	• •	98	110	101	108	114	110		107	96	99	100	99	86	95	88	112	105	110	100	110	103
	June July	• •	98	1.09	101	108	111	109			97	98	97	98	86	93	88	110	102	108	100	108	103
					101	(d)111	(d)112	(d)111		108	99	97	98	97	82	91	84	108	100	106	(d)103		(d)103
	August	• •			103	111	113	112		111	99	95	99	96	83	92	84	110	100	108	103	110	104
	September	• •			105	112	116	113			99	98	100	98	88	92	89	111	98	108	104	113	106
	October	• •		-	106	114	120	116	99	117	102		102	100	90	93	91	112	101	109	107	116	108
	November December	• •		Not	108 110	114	120	116		117	102		101	98	90 92	96	91	115	103	112 116	107	116	109
3000		0 •		ço																		117	110
1936 -	January	• •		ava:	105	116	118	117	86	101	1	101		101	92	94	92	122	109	119	106	114	107
	February	* 0		F.	(c)105	119 124	131 132	123 126		108			106 105	1	93 95	94	93 95	123	127	124	110	124	(c)110
	March			1ab1	(c)107 108	122	114	119	1	108	1		103	1	95	95	95	121	117	120	113	125	(c)113 110
	-			0	109	120	117	119	97	112	1.00		100		95	94	95	118	108	116	111	111	111
	May June	**			109	118	115				102			102	92	95	93	114	105	112	110	111	110
		• •			110	118	114	117			106			102	(e)93	(e)93	(e)93	112	102	110	111	110	110
	July August	• •			110	117	114				107		100	1	93	92	93	112	97	108	110	111	110
	September	• •			111	116	117				110			1	94	94	94	112	101	109	110	114	111
	October				114	119	117		1		108			100	94	96	94	112	103	110	111	114	113
	November				115	118	116				106		101		95	97	95	114	104	112	111	114	113
	,				115	118	117	118		115				107	96	98	96	114	105	112	111	115	113
1937 -	January				112	118	116	118		107		106		105	97	95	96	115	103	112	110	112	111
	February	00			116	124	129	126	-	-	-	111	107	110	98	93	97	117	117	117	-	-	-
Numb	er of Facto	ries	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	1901			100			150			114			92			50	A CONTROL OF THE PARTY.		2407	A. The September of the Control of t
Percen	tage of wor	kers	1 TO A COM 1 1 (20) 9 TO	82%	COCON TORONO CONTRACTOR CONTRACTO	CZ - S SLAMBALAY AND SERVE AND	.21%	100	e de la company	47%	T. C. II Bessie		54%			36%		e-development by the	78%			52%	A COLD VICTORIO
Tron Tu	alv 1935 fo	r N.S.W	. Vi	ctori	a. Quee	nsland.	S.A. a	nd W.A.	and	fro	m Ju	lv 1	933	for	Tasmar	ia, al	l inde	xes a	re ba	sed o	on sampl	le retur	ns.

(a) From July 1935 for N.S.W., Victoria, Queensland, S.A. and W.A. and from July 1933 for Tasmania, all indexes are based on sample returns. The Australian indexes for 1934-35 are final except to the almost negligible extent that they could be affected by revision of the Tasmanian liquid the following states of the states

MONTHLY INDEX OF EMPLOYMENT IN RETAIL STORES. (Base: July, 1933 = 100)

•		Mari Cauth		0.100.00	South	Western		SIX
MON	1TH	New South Wales	Victoria	Queens- land		Australia	Tasmania	STATES
1000	7 7						700	
1933 -	July	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	October	99	103	97	99	93	109	100
	November	102	111	100	100	96	108	104
	December	113	121	110	108	106	115	114
1934 -	January	102	109	100	103	108	109	105
	February	104	108	99	102	99	105	104
	March	104	109	100	102	98	107	104
	April	103	108	100	103	100	105	104
	May	105	108	102	105	101	175	105
	June	105	109	103	104	100	105	106
1933-34-	Average	103	107	101	102	99	106	104
1934 -	July	108	109	104	106	104	107	107
	August	105	109	103	102	102	105	105
	September	107	110	103	103	100	106	107
	October	108	115	104	108	104	104	109
	November	110	122	105	107	104	107	112
	December	123	131	116	118	119	119	124
1935 -	January	109	117	106	108	109	110	111
1303	February	112	117	106	107	103	108	112
	March	109	118	105	107	105	107	111
	April	111	117	105	108	103	107	111
	May ••	112	121	106	109	106	107	113
	June	112	123	105	111	107	106	114
1034-35-	Average.	111	118	106	108	105	108	112
1935 -		116	120	107	107	111	109	115
1932 -	July	113	120	108	109	105	108	113
	•	113	123	104	113	106	107	114
	September October	115	128	107	112	106	107	117
	November	119	131	106	115	109	110	120
	December	133	145	106	128	123	120	132
2000				109	116	114	115	120
1936 -	January	116	132 133	109	114	110	111	120
	February		133	109	113	110	111	119
	March	117	132	109	113	109	113	119
	April	119	132	110	114	111	112	121
	May	120	132	110	113	109	113	121
1025 20	June	118	130	109	114	110	112	119
	Average		130	109	116	113	107	121
1936 -	July	122	128	109	115	111	113	120
	August	120	128	109	118	113	115	120
	September	120	133	110	112	116	116	122
	October	121	133	111	115	116	119	125
	November	123 137	155	121	125	127	132	138
700	December			112	120	116	120	400
1937	January	123	138		_	114	122	
	February	125	137	-		114	166	

The number of establishments in respect of which returns are obtained are - New South Wales, 599; Victoria, 102; Queensland, 120; South Australia, 35; Western Australia, 69; Tasmania, 14. No adjustment has been made in the indexes on account of increased population.

INDEXES OF EMPLOYMENT IN NEW SOUTH WALES AND QUEENSLAND.

Working from the basis of the results of the Census of 30th June, 1933, and from compilations made from returns of employers in remitting wages tax, and returns collected from Government Departments, the Government Statistician of New South Wales has prepared an index of employment and unemployment covering all persons dependent on employment in New South Wales. The Director of the Bureau of Industry of Queensland publishes an index of employment and unemployment among men wage and salary earners. The data for this index are derived from information relating to Unemployment Insurance Contributions and other sources. The results are given below -

Percentages of Employment and Unemployment - All available wage-earners -(a) Including and (b) excluding as employed the full-time equivalent of men engaged part-time on relief works.

7	Percent	age of all who available for		n and		
MONTH	(a) Including as full-time equipart-time reli	e employed the valent of	(b) Excluding as employed the full-time equivalent of part-time relief workers			
	Employed	Unemployed	Employed	Unemployed		
Census of 30th June, 1933	74.4	25.6	73,5	26.5		
1934- June	81.1	18.9	78.0	22.0		
1935- June October	86.6 89.6	13.4	83.7 87.0	16.3 13.0		
November	90.3	9.7	87.8	12.2		
December 1936- January	92.2 88.1	7.8 11.9	89.7 85.9	10,3		
February	88.6	11.4	86.4	13.6		
March	89.8	10.2	87.6	12.4		
April May	90.8	9.9 9.2	87 . 9 88 . 6	12.1		
June	90.4	9.6	88.2	11.8		
July	90.9	9.1	88.7	11.3		
August	90.8	9.2	88.8	11.2		
September October	91.6	8.4	90.2	9.8		
November	93.2	7.1 6.8	91.5 91.7	8.5 8.3		
December	94.5	5.5	93.1	6.9		
1937- January	92.1	7,9	90.8	9.2		
February	93.3	6.7	91.8	8,2		

The indexes have been adjusted to allow for an estimated increase of 1.2 per cent. per annum in the number of persons dependent on employment. At the Census of 30th June, 1933, 15,142 persons dependent on employment returned themselves as unemployed by reason of illness, accident, etc. or "voluntarily". This number, representing 1.8 per cent. of all persons dependent on employment, is excluded from the above indexes, which relate to percentages of available wage-earners employed and unemployed. The approximate number of persons in private employment was 478,000 in June, 1933; 519,000 in June, 1934; 567,000 in June, 1935; 614,000 in June, 1936; and 643,000 in February, 1937.

QUEENSLAND. Employment and Unemployment among Men Wage and Salary Earners. (In terms of full-time employment and unemployment excluding normal seasonal variations).

Domind	Perc	entage	Approxim	ate Number
Period	Employed	Unemployed	Employed	Unemployed
" 1930 " 1931 " 1932 " 1933 " 1934 " 1935	89.9 86.4 77.2 77.8 79.8 84.9 89.0 92.3	10.1 13.6 22.8 22.2 20.2 15.1 11.0 7.7	148,340 144,630 131,270 134,130 139,720 150,870 160,510 168,930	16,660 22,850 38,730 38,320 35,310 26,800 19,820 14,100
October, 1935 November, " December, " January, 1936 February, " June, " July, " August, " September, " October, " November, " December, "	90.1 90.6 91.3 91.5 90.9 91.8 92.6 94.3 94.7 93.6 92.0 91.9 (a)92.7	9.9 9.4 8.7 8.5 9.1 8.2 7.4 5.7 5.3 6.4 8.0 8.1	163,140 164,310 165,840 166,390 165,490 167,900 169,670 172,920 173,950 172,080 169,390 169,300 170,960	17,970 17,020 15,720 15,400 16,520 15,010 13,470 10,450 9,650 11,740 14,660 14,980 13,550

(a) Relief Work: The full-time equivalent was approximately 7,110 men. Without this work the percentage unemployed would have been 11.2. Growing Population: The total of the last two columns increases with the estimated growth in the number of men dependent or employment.

BUILDING PERMITS.

A further index of the relative activity in industry is furnished by Building Permits issued, and the estimated amount to be spent on the proposed buildings and repairs.

The following tables give details of the value of Building Permits issued in the Six Capital Cities and Suburbs of the Commonwealth for the periods shown.

Year	Buildings	Buildings	Alterations	Total Value
	for	for Other	and	All Building
	Habitation	Purposes	Additions	Operations
1928-29 (a) 1929-30 (a) 1930-31 (a) 1931-32 1932-33 1933-34 1934-35 1935-36 Quartor ended - 1935 - June September.	Habitation £. 17,455,449 11,057,069 1,989,167 1,533,325 3,185,679 6,105,369 9,606,533 12,342,910 2,936,510 3,428,704	Purposes £. 4,902,928 3,098,700 1,547,005 1,848,257 1,503,877 2,194,162 3,829,676 5,144,668 1,271,694 1,275,712	Additions £. (b)1,932,887 (b)1,741,291 (b) 799,245 1,225,680 2,161,846 2,885,378 4,173,041 4,484,819 1,180,786 1,088,729	Operations £. 24,291,264 15,897,060 4,335,417 4,607,262 6,851,402 11,184,909 17,610,590 21,972,397 5,388,990 5,793,145
December 1936 - March June September December	2,779,521	941,246	1,159,741	4,880,508
	2,946,420	1,378,537	1,009,013	5,333,970
	3,188,265	1,549,173	1,227,336	5,964,774
	3,773,596	1,339,967	1,260,617	6,374,180
	3,514,416	1,357,804	1,212,546	6,084,766

(a) Exclusive of City of Sydney. (b) Exclusive of Sydney and suburbs.

BUILDING PERMITS IN CAPITAL CITIES AND SUBURBS OF EACH STATE.

	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart							
Period	and	and	and	and	and	and	TOTAL						
	Suburbs	Suburbs	Suburbs	Suburbs	Suburbs	Suburbs							
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000						
1928-29	(a)9,715	7,661	2,440	1,807	2,518	150	24,291						
1929-30	(a)5,810	5,576	1,414	1,158	1,833	106	15,897						
1930-31	(a)1,005	1,434	1,098	314	393	91	4,335						
1931-32	995	1,861	876	217	596	62	4,607						
1932-33	2,257	2,568	793	400	732	101	6,851						
1933-34	4,142	4,218	1,051	617	988	169	11,185						
1934-35	7,632	5,604	1,654	1,164	1,354	203	17,611						
1935-36	9,385	7,162	2,237	1,239	1,621	328	21,972						
Quarter ended -													
1935 - June	2,388	1,766	521	306	337	71	5,389						
September	2,528	1,788	574	304	505	94	5,793						
December	1,964	1,646	533	359	335	43	4,880						
1936 - March	2,456	1,784	411	252	378	53	5,334						
June	2,437	1,944	719	324	403	138	5,965						
September	2,840	2,021	452	313	600	148	6,374						
December	2,567	1,891	607	341	560	89	6,085						

⁽a) Exclusive of City of Sydney and value of alterations and additions in Sydney and suburbs.

II. UNEMPLOYMENT - QUARTER ENDED MARCH, 1937.

The figures relating to unemployment among members of Trade Unions are similar to those published quarterly in the past, and are derived from returns furnished by Trade Unions.

/The number

The number of trade unionists represented in the returns, from which the following figures have been derived, is normally about half the total. Generally, it may be said that the returns of unemployment include little information about rural employment, so that the percentage results given herein do not vary greatly with the season, though the food preserving industries have some effect in this connection. The total unemployment in the country, however, may be affected a good deal by the crop seasons.

The percentages of unemployment among members of reporting Trade Unions for Australia as a whole for each quarter from the June Quarter of 1932, when unemployment was at its maximum, to the March Quarter of 1937, are as follows:-

AUSTRALIA.

1932 -	June Quarter		30.0	per	cent.
1933 -	March Quarter		26.5	11	11
	June "		25.7	11	11
	September"		25.1		11
	December "		23.0	**	ti .
1934 -	March Quarter		21.9	11	11
	June "		20.9	11	Ħ
	September"		20.4	:1	11
	December "		18.8	11,	11
1935 -	March Quarter		18.6	ŧŧ	11
	7 11		17.8	11	11
	September"		15.9	11	11
	December "		13.7	11	11
1936 -	March Quarter		13.4	11	11
	June "		12.8	19	- 11
	September"		12.0	tt	11
	December "		10.7	13	11
1937 -	March Quarter	A server produced the server	9,9	11	11

It should be noted that the figures refer to the mid-month of each quarter, and represent the conditions at the middle of that month. Consequently, the latest figures referred to herein relate to the middle of February, 1937.

The percentages given above show a continuous decline from the peak point (30.0%) in unemployment attained in the June Quarter of 1932, after an almost continuous rise since the March Quarter 1929, when the rate was 9.3 per cent. After remaining fiarly constant at 28.0 per cent. to 28.3 per cent. for three quarters - from August, 1931 to February, 1932 - the maximum point was reached in May, 1932, when the proportion of unemployment in the reporting Trade Unions was 30 per cent. of the membership.

From the peak the proportion of unemployed decreased by 4 per thousand in the September quarter of 1932, and in the two following quarters the improvement was much more marked, amounting to 15 per 1,000 in the December quarter of 1932, and 16 per 1,000 in the March quarter of 1933. The improvement continued until unemployment stood at 9.9 per cent. for the March quarter 1937. This is the lowest percentage of unemployment since February, 1929, when it was 9.3 per cent. Since the maximum point in May, 1932, the rate of unemployment has diminished by 20.1 per cent., or 201 per 1,000 members, i.e. from 30.0 per cent. in May, 1932, to 9.9 per cent in February, 1937.

This improvement since May, 1932, has been experienced in all the States in the following order (per 1,000 members):- South Australia, 257; Western Australia, 249; New South Wales, 214; Tasmania, 195; Victoria, 182; Queensland, 122.

The usual tables for Trade Union Unemployment are appended.

/AUSTRALIA -

AUSTRALIA - Number and Membership of Trade Unions reporting, and Number and Percentage of Unemployed - March Quarter, 1929 to March Quarter, 1937.

Australia	March Quarter 1929	June Quarter 1932	June Quarter 1933	June Quarter 1934	March Quarter 1936	September Quarter 1936	December Quarter 1936	March Quarter 1937
Number of Unions Membership Unemployed -	375 420,756		394 415,559		39 5 445,294		390 437, 2 4 6	3 88 443,446
Number Percentage	39,159 9.3	124,068 30.0	106,652 25.7	88,413	59,621 13.4	52,482 12.0	46,863 10.7	44,004 9.9

STATES - Percentage of Members of Reporting Trade Unions reported as Unemployed in each State - March Quarter, 1929 to March Quarter, 1936.

	March	June	June	June	March	September		
State	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	1929	1932	1933	1934	1936	19 36	1936	1937
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	/0
New South Wales	9.7	33.2	29.6	25.0	17.2	14.8	13.3	11.8
Victoria	8.6	27.7	23.0	18.0	10.8	11.7	9.7	9.5
Queensland	7.1	19.9	15.6	12.7	8.5	7.2	7.2	7.7
South Australia	13.2	35.2	30.0	25.4	12.2	10.0	9.9	9.5
Western Australia	8.5	30.3	26.0	18.3	10.3	7.4	5.6	5.4
Tasmania	8.7	27.4	19.0	17.9	11.1	14.0	12.9	7.9
TOTAL:	9.3	30.0	25.7	20.9	13.4	12.0	10.7	9.9

The above returns are compiled and published substantially on the basis that has been adopted in regard to Trade Union returns since 1911. It is to be noted, however, that the returns relate to members of trade unions embracing only about 20 per cent. of wage-earners, and that for some States these constitute a more representative sample of employment than for others. The percentages include persons unemployed from all causes, other than those unemployed directly as a result of industrial disputes. They may be interpreted as relating to the members of unions making returns who are not, according to the records or knowledge of the union secretary, employed within union callings.

The percentages do not exactly represent the proportion of total unemployment in Australia as a whole, though Census data and other records indicate that they give a reasonable picture of the development of the unemployment crisis in Australia and the recovery therefrom.

In view of the very definite nature of the information on which are based the indexes of employment and unemployment for New South Wales, and those relating to men for Queensland, these indexes should be the most accurate record available of unemployment in those States.

This document is published by the Commonwealth Statistician and contains statistics or abstracts thereof compiled and tabulated by the Commonwealth Statistician pursuant to the Census and Statistics Act, 1905-1930.

ROLAND WILSON Commonwealth Statistician 17th April, 1937.